

FIFTY-CENT COLUMN

THE COLLECTOR OF THE BENO
Water Company has been instructed to strictly
enforce the rules and regulations of the company
By order of the President.
auglis. **BENO WATER CO.**



DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. CROWNING Editor and Proprietor

RICH ORES.

A Suit in Which a Water Company is Alleged to Have Made a Good Thing by Mining Operations.

The San Francisco Bulletin, of Monday, says:

Theodore Fox has filed a complaint in the Superior Court against the Virginia and Gold Hill Water company, Gould & Curry Silver Mining company, J. W. Mackay, James G. Fair, J. L. Flood and T. I. Bergin, executors of the last will and testament of J. C. Flood, deceased, which sets forth that Fair, Flood, Mackay and W. S. O'Brien, since deceased, controlled a majority of the Gould & Curry stock. It is charged that on the 23d of December, 1873, Flood and Fair procured themselves to be, in conjunction with W. S. Lyle, L. S. Ross, Robert Sherwood, George Congdon and Edward Barron, elected Directors of the Gould & Curry company; that Flood, O'Brien, Mackay and Fair organized a fraudulent combination and conspiracy for the purpose of defrauding the Gould & Curry company; that on the 23d of December, 1873, Flood, Fair, Mackay and O'Brien organized the Virginia and Gold Hill Water company, owning a large amount of its capital stock, Flood and Fair being Directors thereof; that Fair was appointed Superintendent of the Gould & Curry, and Mackay Superintendent of the water company; that on the 10th of April, 1873, the individual defendants caused the Gould & Curry company to enter into a contract with the water company whereby the latter company was given the right to take possession of the unproductive portion of the Gould & Curry mining lands and work the same from the surface down to the lower tunnel and extract precious metals therefrom. The water company had the right to furnish all the tools, machinery, etc., necessary for the work. All costs and expenses, profits and gains accruing under the agreement were to be shared in the proportion of three-eighths to the Gould & Curry and five-eighths to the water company. On the 25th of July, Flood, O'Brien, Mackay, Fair and Bergin, by their attorneys, caused the water company to crush ore, owning the entire capital stock. Flood, O'Brien and Mackay, as Directors, appointed Fair Superintendent of this company, and elected all the other Directors, officers and employees. All the ore extracted by the Gould & Curry mine were milled by the Pacific Company. It is charged that since April 10, 1873, the water company and the individual defendants have removed from the Gould & Curry grounds more than 300,000 tons of rich ore of the value, when reduced to gold and silver bullion, of \$2,000,000; that Fair and Mackay, and O'Brien and Flood, up to the time of their deaths, secretly divided among themselves and other stockholders of the water company large sums of money and expended large sums for unnecessary mining supplies. Plaintiff charges, on information and belief, that these parties so received \$1,500,000; that on the 28th of February, 1888, the water company secretly received from the Gould & Curry company, without consideration, four promissory notes of \$10,000 each upon which there remains due about \$7,500. Plaintiff estimates that the aggregate amount of money and profits received by Flood, Mackay, O'Brien and Fair and the water company, by means of fraudulent acts and mismanagement of the Gould & Curry company, amounts to \$1,032,349 50, which, he charges, the Gould & Curry Company is entitled to recover. It is asserted that the other stockholders of the Gould & Curry Company have never ratified or acquiesced in said dealings and transactions. It is charged that the agreement between the Gould & Curry and the water company was made without authority. The prayer of the complaint is that the water company and the executors of J. C. Flood account to the Gould & Curry Company and the stockholders thereof for all the wrongs, breaches of trust complained of, and on such accounting repay the Gould & Curry stockholders, except the defendants in this action, all the profits, moneys and property belonging to said company and obtained by said defendants by means of the dealings and transactions before set forth.

A MISER.

A Man Worth \$20,000 Starving Himself to Death.

The San Francisco Bulletin of Monday relates the following:

A case of avarice that is but seldom paralleled was brought to light to-day. Word was received at the Health Office that there was a patient at Lafayette Place, between Kearny and Dupont streets, for the City and County Hospital, and accordingly the driver of the ambulance was instructed to call there. He found the house a two-story cottage, the back of which had fallen in. Everything around bore evidence of the most abject poverty, and the squalor and filth were disgusting in the extreme. In the front room, an old man, an elderly man, was lying on a bed, emaciated and covered with vermin. The clothing he wore was torn and ragged. His hands, the driver, spoke to him; but the old man was too weak to reply. The neighbors know him as Cap. Hanson. They know nothing at all of him or his family. He very seldom went out of the house. When he did he usually returned with a small sack of something which resembled money. It was believed that he was very well off, but was a miser. The driver hunted around a little, and his search was rewarded by a rich find; for on overturning an old iron pot there rolled out number of \$20 gold pieces and some smaller coins, amounting to \$435. They were all thickly covered with mold. It is believed that there is a great deal more money secreted in the old house. In the old man's pockets were several deeds and mortgages, indicating that he was worth \$20,000. Besides this he owns the house he lives in and several other pieces of property. He will hardly live another week, and the ambulance driver said he was afraid the old man would die before he got to the hospital. Such a case has been rarely met with, and the idea that a man worth \$20,000 would deliberately starve himself to death through avarice, is a difficult one for most people to grasp.

France has experimented largely with reciprocity treaties, and it is now proposed to substitute for them a strong protective tariff. The predictions of the Manchester school of forty years ago remain unfulfilled. The three leading nations of Continental Europe, France, Germany and Russia, have recently strengthened their protective systems and are contemplating further movement in the same direction.

The West Virginia Goff-Fleming contest was decided at noon yesterday in favor of Fleming, the vote standing 40 for Goff and 43 for Fleming. Carr, the Union Labor Senator, voted with the Democrats.

Bret Harte is back at Yosemite, Isle of Wight, with the Indians.

Decline in Government Bonds.

The San Francisco Bulletin says the law of supply and demand is inexorable. It applies to things of the most stable value. Even Government bonds are not exempt, coupled as they are with the additional guarantee of fixed issue. The supply is known and has been known for years. There can be no increase in the interest bonds of the country. The only thing, therefore, to effect their value is the measure of the demand for them. So long as private capitalists are bidding for them, in order to get the foundation for starting national banks, and Secretary Windom wanted them, to absorb the surplus in the Treasury, there was no difficulty in keeping up the price of 4 per cent to about 128. But sometime this month Secretary Windom dropped out as a buyer, because the surplus in the Treasury had been reduced to about as low a point as was considered safe. The result is seen in the decline in these securities. The best bid now made for the 4 per cent is 123½, yet the price during the first 20 days in January was 126½, and before the payment of the January last coupon 128.

President Harrison.

Hon. John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, who was recently in Washington for several days, but who has gone to Boston, is quoted as follows in the Washington Post: "In one phase of his character President Harrison is much misrepresented by his enemies and almost as much misunderstood by many of his friends. He is painted as a close, unapproachable, almost early man, with no sympathetic character. However, the fact is that in his public relations he is grave and dignified, measuring all matters with a solicitous care that his judgment may be flawless, and disposed to restrain himself from utterances which folly or malice may misconstrue. Yet in his private relations, in hours of leisure and among friends whom he trusts implicitly, he is affable to such a degree that the observer of that moment would depart with the thought that the President of the United States is a jolly and companionable gentleman. That would be an opinion close to the truth. I have found Mr. Harrison most agreeable."

The Lyon county Times remarks: It is a great pity that something was not done last Summer with the appropriation made by the State for storage purposes. There never has been a season in the history of the State when work could have been carried on to so much advantage, and a dam or two at, or near, the headwaters of the Carson river would have been of great value to the State next Spring. The ice is not much danger of the water supply being short this year, but there is danger from another source. There is a chance that considerable of the snow that lies on the foothills and mountains may go off with a rush when the first warm Spring winds and rains come, and in such an event much damage will be done by floods. If a substantial dam or two had been constructed last Summer the surplus water could be impounded and to a certain extent controlled. Now when a warm rain sets in the water will come down the canyon without any check and with such force and volume as to destroy not only every bridge across the river but thousands of dollars' worth of other property. It may be that those who have the authority to use the \$100,000 appropriation will advance their political interests somewhat by doing some work with the money next Summer. The expenditure of \$100,000 on the eve of a Senatorial and gubernatorial election might impress some of the folks that the makers for political favors were the ones who were saving the country. It might look that way to some while it might not to others.

MARKHAM AND FELTON.

The Two Ex-Congressmen Want to Be Governor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Post to-day says: "Ex-Congressman Markham, of Pasadena, Cal., is in Washington attending the meeting of the National Board of Homes for disabled Veterans. His particular interest is the new home on part of Senator Jones' great ranch at Santa Monica, Los Angeles county, Cal., where the Government has made the beginning of the loveliest retreat for disabled volunteers the country will ever see. Colonel Markham, by the way, proved one of the most popular members, though his term was but two years. He declined re-election because of bad health and because he wanted to make some money in the Southern California boom. He made money and largely recovered his health, and along about September next, or earlier, he will shy his castor into the Republican Convention of the Golden State as Southern California's preferred candidate for Governor. Ex-Congressman Felton is thought to be likewise ambitious, and, if so, Northern California will ask his nomination."

Struck a Vein of Coal.

Mason City, Ia., Feb. 3.—It now looks as though Western Iowa, a vast plain of prairie land, is to have fuel in abundance. For some time the Emmet Coal Company, a recent organization, has been prospecting for coal, and to-day, at a depth of 150 feet, struck a vein nearly six feet thick. Fourteen thousand feet of plank is now on the ground, and workmen are engaged in sinking a shaft. It is thought that within thirty days coal can be furnished from the new mine at \$1 50 per ton.

A Mysterious Disappearance.

Dunsmuir, Ia., Feb. 4.—Last Friday Edward Newton, wife and child arrived in this city from Vermont. They put up at a hotel. He was a railway engineer and expected to get work on one of the roads. Monday evening he left the hotel, saying he was going to a barber shop to be shaved. That was the last seen of him. He had a sum of money on his person, and fears are entertained that he has met with foul play.

Harvesting Ice by Torchlight.

Fort Dodge, Ia., Feb. 4.—The sudden break in the weather after a few days of extreme cold has alarmed ice men in Northern Iowa, and for the first time ever known here large forces are at work to-night harvesting the ice crop by torchlight. Large Southern contracts are yet unfulfilled, and the crop thus far is hundreds of tons short.

RANGE CATTLE IN NEVADA.

MANY PERISH IN THE STORM AS A RESULT OF DEEP SNOW.

Arranging for Special Trains to Remove Starving Animals.

The San Francisco Chronicle, of Monday, contains the following: Losses of Nevada cattle have been very heavy during the recent protracted storm. Dead and dying cattle stalled in the snow are seen in many places along the railroad. All through the State the losses are very great. Nevada cattlemen are now making herculean efforts to move their strong cattle to places where hay can be obtained. The weak ones, of which there are many thousands, will be left to die.

M. D. Foley, the State Senator, and banker of Reno, now here, has received this dispatch:

Wadsworth, Nev., Feb. 1. See the Central Pacific company about rates on starting cattle from Death, Hallock, Elko and Battle Mountain to Wadsworth. Things terrible, great many dying. Will get out 4,000 to 5,000 if one keep two trains that are here. J. B. BRADLEY.

Mr. Bradley is one of the firm of Russell & Bradley, owners of about 50,000 head of cattle in Elko, Eureka and Lander counties, Nev., and on the Salmon and Snake ranges in Idaho. By keeping the two trains they had, he meant two special trains which were carrying their cattle from the points mentioned in his dispatch to Wadsworth. Arriving there, they were to be driven to the sink of the Carson river, where hay can be obtained.

Mr. Foley told a Chronicle reporter, who met him at the Palace hotel, that there were about 500,000 cattle of all ages on the ranges of Nevada and in part of Idaho and Utah belonging to Nevada men. He said the greatest losses would be in Elko, Lander, Eureka and Humboldt counties. In Lyon, Washoe, Douglas, Esmeralda and others he said the stock men were much better prepared for feeding.

The heaviest cattle growers in the State are Sparks and Tinnin. They had, Mr. Foley states, from 100,000 to 150,000 head, and they roam through Nevada and along the line of that State in Idaho and Utah. He says that they are losing and have lost ruinously. They were not prepared to feed any except their fancy cattle. Aside from these, which make up probably nine-tenths or more of what they have, they will lose very heavily.

"There are from 50,000 to 100,000 cattle dead in Nevada now," said Mr. Foley, "and nobody can tell till roads commences next Spring the full extent of the losses. I have an idea that whole bands will never show up. The railroad company has made a rate of \$35 a carload on hay from all points in California to all points in Nevada for the relief of the stockmen. It is also making every effort to furnish trains and other facilities to stockmen for moving cattle to feed."

The Central Pacific has also ordered 300 stock cars to Reno to move the cattle being fed there for the San Francisco market, as hay is getting scarce there. I wish that you would state that their action in this matter is as kind as it could possibly be, and the people fully appreciate it. It was fortunate that Mr. Stubbs happened to be in Nevada recently. Besides furnishing the cars a rate has been given that is remarkably low.

"Other stockmen than the few leading ones I have mentioned will lose very heavily. Passengers along the railroad say that in many places groups of cattle are to be seen sticking up in the deep snow. The trouble is that sled came, a crust was formed and the cattle can neither dig through it nor move about freely. Many that are not dead are chilled and weak."

"The 500,000 cattle in Nevada would have been worth on a conservative estimate \$10 a head, or \$5,000,000. I would not like to insure them for \$2,500,000. I think the loss will be one-half. The estimate of \$10 a head and the loss of 50 per cent is low. Of course a 'Chinook' might come and melt a lot of snow and clear up the valleys, but the trouble would be that the cattle living would then be so weak they could not stand."

"I have been told by cattle men at Reno that in Northern California counties, like Lassen, Sierra and Plumas, the losses will also be very heavy."

Mr. Foley does not anticipate much loss among the horses on the range. He says that, unlike the cattle, they paw the snow away, and thus get feed and are enabled to live.

MORE WATER FOR REDDING.

A New Company in Which Senator Jones is Interested.

REDDING, Jan. 31.—The Democrat, in its last issue, announces the formation of a Citizens' Water company, composed of our most substantial and respected citizens. Capital \$100,000, divided into 10,000 shares. The object is to furnish water to our citizens at the lowest possible rate and to insure against fire and the rising of insurance rates, which are threatened on account of the inefficiency of the present plant. It is whispered that Senator J. P. Jones, who has a valuable water right in the county, is interested in the company, also the railroad company, which has no water works here, but which uses a great deal. Hon. Clay W. Taylor, attorney for the company, will ask for a franchise at the next meeting of the City Trustees, and as the Trustees are opposed to monopoly, no doubt the franchise will be granted.

The New Rules.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—It is expected the code of rules will be reported to-morrow.

THE CHINESE MUST GO.

THE NEW CODE OF RULES FOR SPEAKER REED'S HOUSE.

News Items of Interest From Every Part of the Country.

Proctor Knott and Spokane.

Special to the Journal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 4.—Proctor Knott, the great running horse, which is running out at the Scrogan Brothers', near this city, is reported to be in excellent health, and has not a blemish on him. Early in the present month he will be taken in and his training begun. He will begin his four-year-old career at Nashville, following in order at Louisville, Latonia, Chicago and in all probability St. Paul. He is entered in the suburban handicap and the toboggan stake, and if not too heavily weighted will receive special preparation for these Eastern events. Mr. Scrogan declares that he believes no horse on earth, not excepting the wonderful El Rio Rey, can beat him three-quarters of a mile. Spokane, Knott's Montana rival and conqueror, is wintering at the Jockey Club grounds here and his trainer says he is in tiptop condition. He will also start first at Nashville.

Picked Up at Sea.

Special to the Journal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—Hyogo news of January 4th by the China steamer to-day says the American ship, Joseph L. Spinnery, from Philadelphia, August 10th, arrived yesterday bringing a crew of eight South Sea Islanders whom she picked up in the open sea. While making their way from one island to another, they were blown 100 miles out to sea and when picked up by the Spinnery had been 18 days and most without food. Their king or chief died from the effects of privation, as did one other of their number. When picked up they were about to kill the king's son, that his blood might furnish nourishment for the old chiefs.

The Chinese Must Go.

Special to the Journal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—A decision in the habeas corpus case of Gue Quong Sue, who returned to this country after eight years' absence and claimed the right to land on the ground that he was a merchant, but who failed to produce the certificate required by the Exclusion Act, was rendered in the Circuit Court to-day adversely to the defendant. The Court held that Sue should have furnished the necessary certificate, but failed to fix the period, as it was expected to do, that a Chinaman can remain away before he forfeits his rights to return. The Court holds that it is advisable that all such cases be tried on their merits.

Ex-Senator Fair in Court.

Special to the Journal.

WOODLAND, Cal., Feb. 4.—The investigation of the charge of embezzlement brought against H. G. Palmer by ex-Senator James G. Fair began to-day before Justice Ruggles. The complaint charges Palmer with appropriating \$274 of the Senator's money. Four other charges of grand larceny and embezzlement against Palmer will be heard during this week and next. To-day Senator Fair and his book-keeper, Clark, gave their testimony. The hearing was continued until to-morrow.

Relief for Dakota Farmers.

Special to the Journal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The Board of Trade Directors to-day appointed a committee of three to canvass for subscriptions to be used for the destitute farmers of South Dakota. The action was taken on receipt of a communication from Governor Mullette, saying that in 19 counties such relief is badly needed.

His Resignation Accepted.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Hiram Smith, Jr., First Deputy Commissioner of Pensions, was to-day informed by Secretary Noble that his resignation had been accepted, to take effect March 5th. Smith is one of the Pension Office officials related during Commissioner Tanner's incumbency, and received \$6,000 arrears.

Confirmations.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Among the nominations confirmed by the Senate to-day were the following: John R. Berry, Collector of Customs, San Diego, Cal.; B. H. Lynden, Postmaster at Los Gatos, Cal.; W. E. Elgin, Postmaster at St. Helena, Cal.; Ellsworth Daggett, Surveyor General of Utah.

Young Salmon.

Special to the Journal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—At the monthly meeting of the State Fish Commission to-day it was reported there are now 1,500,000 young salmon at the hatchery at Sisson, ready for distribution throughout the State, but the weather has been such that transportation has been impossible.

The Bodies Not Yet Found.

Special to the Journal.

PROMIA, Feb. 4.—The bodies of three train men, killed in the wreck last night, have not yet been recovered. Engineer Neville, after suffering untold agonies, and in spite of every effort to release him, died at a late hour last night.

Samson Treaty—New Mexico.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Senate this afternoon ratified the Samson treaty with but twelve dissenting votes. Among the bills introduced in the Senate and referred, was one by Wolcott for the admission of the State of New Mexico.

The Storm's Ravages Around Yreka.

Special to the Journal.

YREKA, Cal., Feb. 4.—The snowfall for the season is about four feet on the level. Heavy rains set in January 30th, continuing incessantly since, and the creeks in the vicinity are all running high, Yreka creek being higher than ever before known, and still rising. Chinatown is under water, and several buildings have been swept away. The railroad track is washed out in many places. The Shasta and Klamath rivers are beyond their banks, doing thousands of dollars' worth of damage to ranches and mines. Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the new reservoir three miles above town. Should it break a great loss of property, and perhaps of life, would follow. All bridges leading out of this place are gone, and no mail has been received for over three weeks. Scott valley is almost under water.

The Seal Skins.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—A bill was reported in the Senate to-day to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to lease for 20 years from May 1st, 1890, the right to engage in the business of taking fur seals on the islands of St. Paul and St. George at an annual rental of not less than \$50,000, with the addition of a revenue tax or duty not less than \$4 50 on each skin shipped from the islands.

Father to Child.

Special to the Journal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—At a meeting of the State Board of Trade to-day it was agreed to arrange a memorial to Congress favoring the passage of Stewart's bill to give all Government arid lands to the State in which the same are situated.

Mr. Towne.

Special to the Journal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—General Manager A. N. Towne, of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, arrived here to-day from the East via Los Angeles.

When Baby was sick,

We gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child,

She cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss,

She clung to Castoria.

When she had Children,

She gave them Castoria.

WHAT OF EARTH.

In the reason people will not, can not or do not see any difference in cheap nostrums put up by cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profit, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at equal price? No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as DR. J. C. BLOOD PURIFIER AND BLOOD MAKER, and every bottle that does not do its work will cost you nothing.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Druggists.

Excellent, reliable and economical are the stores and ranges sold by Lange & Schmitt.

Every house and store should have them. Call and inspect before purchasing.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE TO SETTLE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE

of Osburn & Shoemaker must make immediate settlement of their accounts, or collection of the same will be enforced. Call on B. S. Osburn, at the Bank of Nevada, and settle at once. OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Jr.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK- holders of the Orr Extension Ditch Co. will be held at the office of the company, Reno, Nevada, at 2 P. M., Tuesday, Feb. 18, 1890, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and such other business as may come before the meeting. By order of the Board of Directors.

J. J. BECKER, Secretary.

ORDINANCE NO. 12,

Of the Town of Reno, Washoe County, Nevada.

An Ordinance to Further Define the Fire Limits of the Town of Reno, and Making Regulations Concerning the Erection and Use of Buildings in Said Town.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS of Washoe county do ordain as follows: Section 1. The following described territory is hereby added to the fire limits of the town of Reno, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the center of Sierra and Fourth Streets, thence extending northerly with the center of Sierra street to the center of Fifth street, thence easterly with the center of Fifth street, to the center of Lake street, thence westerly with the center of Lake street to the center of Fourth street, thence westerly with the center of Fourth street to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2.—That all the provisions of the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Define the Fire Limits of the Town of Reno, and Making Regulations Concerning the Erection and Use of Buildings in Said Town," passed June 6, A. D. 1889, shall in all respects be and the same is hereby made applicable to the above described limits.

Passed February 4, A. D. 1890.

Attest:

T. V. JULIEN, Clerk.

T. K. HYMERS, Chairman.

JOHN F. STRATTON & SON, NEW YORK.

48 & 45 Walker St.

Patent Harmonium.

Sublime Harmonium.

Patent Harmonium.

Sublime Harmonium.

Patent Harmonium.

Sublime Harmonium.

Patent Harmonium.

Sublime Harmonium.

Patent Harmonium.

Sublime Harmonium.

Patent Harmonium.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Peculiar

Many peculiar points make Hood's Sarsaparilla superior to all other medicines. Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, the full curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom.

Peculiar in its strength and economy—Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of its kind which can truly be said, "One Hundred Does it." Larger and smaller bottles require larger doses, and do not produce as good results as Hood's. Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered."

Peculiar in its "goodness at home,"—there is now more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in the United States than of all other blood purifiers. Its record of sales abroad, no other preparation has ever attained such popularity in so short a time, and retained its popularity and confidence among all classes of people so steadily.

Do not be induced to buy other preparations, but be sure to get the Peculiar Medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all druggists. At six for \$1. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

M'KISSICK'S OPERA HOUSE.

JOHN FIFER, Lessee.

The Dramatic Event! One Night Only!

WEDNESDAY EVE, FEBRUARY 5TH

THE UNIVERSAL FAVORITES,

Joseph Phoebe

GRISMER-DAVIES

With Their Excellent Company, Presenting the Great New York and San Francisco Success.

THE TIGRESS! THE TIGRESS! THE TIGRESS!

Disavowed by Mr. Ramsey Morris, from his novel "Gracely Her."

The Sensation of the Theaters!

The Season's Great Play!

The Instant Success!

Dress Circle admission, \$1 00

Patrons Reserved, 75

Admission to the House is Free—class throughout is open day and night, and every attention is shown travelers.

Box Sheet now open at Naby's Bazaar.

PINNIGER.

APOTHECARY,

Corner Virginia Street and Commercial Row.

HODCKINSON, DRUGGIST!

SPONGES, CHAMOISE SKINS,

TOILET SOAP,

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,
12 1/2 CENTS PER WEEK.

BREVITIES.

The snow is all gone around Reno. The theater should be crowded to-night. The V & T train was an hour late last night. W. J. Hawks returned from Virginia last night. James Young was at the Court room yesterday. Potatoes are \$40 per ton. At Dayton \$50 has been paid. Senator Foley returned from the Bay yesterday morning. There is now only about 300 tons of hay for sale at Lovelock.

At Truckee the snow has broken in the roof of the round-house.

An ordinance extending the fire limits will be found elsewhere.

Senator Williams, of Ormsby, was a passenger for Carson yesterday.

A flood is predicted in Elko county on the Humboldt when the June freshet sets in.

The prospects for Silver City to be a lively camp next Spring and Summer are good.

Senator D. B. Lyman came up from the Bay yesterday, and continued on to Virginia.

If this kind of weather continues Spring building operations will soon be in full blast.

The JOURNAL returns thanks to Controller Hallock for a copy of his annual report for 1889.

The insurance companies refuse to pay A. Nadon a cent on account of the loss by his late fire.

The bond of Frank Holt, Constable at Verdi, has been filed and approved by the Commissioners.

The Idaho Avalanche learns that many cattle in the foothills near Snake river are starving to death.

It is estimated that from twelve to fifteen tons of alfalfa seed will be sown on Big Meadows this year.

John D. Yost, the leading member of H. S. Crocker & Co., is lying at the point of death in San Francisco.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Osburn & Shoemaker, must settle at once. See the notice elsewhere.

The high pressure was put on yesterday by the water company. Now don't waste all the water that is in the reservoir.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Orr Extension Ditch Company will be held on the 18th. See notice elsewhere.

The regular meeting of Adah Chapter, O. E. S., will be held on Wednesday evening, February 5th. A full attendance is desired.

Theodore Winters, W. H. Gould and P. H. Malachy have been re-appointed Directors of the State Agricultural Society. The Governor has done well.

Superintendent Wright, of the Carson Mint, is dangerously ill. Pneumonia and heart failure have followed an attack of the grip, and he may not live a day.

The plastering in the Government building at Carson has been completed. There is a possibility of the United States officials getting into the building by July.

On the 31st of December, 1889, Nevada had \$15,273 54 over and above a sufficient sum to pay all State debts, exclusive of the \$380,000 irredeemable State bond.

Mrs. Judge King and Mrs. C. T. Bender will leave for the Bay Sunday. They want to hear the divine Patti, and at the same time visit friends and relatives.

At the meeting of the Commissioners Monday relief of \$10 each was granted E. D. Rapes, Mrs. Jose, Mrs. Bigham, Mrs. E. C. Hurley, Mrs. E. E. Towl, Mary Stackpole, Mrs. Anker, Mrs. McCann, Mrs. Stackpole, and \$15 to Geo. P. Small.

A SWINDLING CONCERN.

The American Building and Loan Association of Minneapolis Said to Be a Fraud.

The papers are publishing the report of Bank Examiner Kenyon, of Minnesota, to the Governor, relative to the American Building and Loan Association, of Minneapolis. As the association did considerable business in Reno, and may swindle several citizens, the JOURNAL suggests that if there be any who do not believe in the swindling character of the concern that they procure a copy of Examiner Kenyon's report and be undeceived.

It is shown by the books of the association that its net expenses since its organization in May, 1888, have been \$460,520 75, and its total profits \$78,513 79, making a net loss to the stockholders of \$382,006 90. Of the assumed profits, one-third is derived from the lapses, and of the 343,771 shares of stock carried on the books of the association nearly one-half is worthless, 77,000 shares having paid nothing but the entrance fee, and over 60,000 shares having been forfeited.

The Minneapolis Tribune denounces the association as a rotten, law-breaking and fraudulent concern.

Musical.

The JOURNAL calls attention to the advertisement of John F. Stratton & Son, of New York, importers and wholesale dealers in all kinds of musical merchandise, violins, guitars, banjos, mandolins, accordions, harmonicas, etc., and all kinds of strings. This house is first-class and reliable in every respect.

Died Full of Years.

Thomas Huffaker, father of the Huffakers, died at his home in Wayne county, Kentucky, January 22, at the advanced age of 75 years. Mr. Huffaker was sound and hearty until about a year ago, when he received an injury from which he never fully recovered.

STATE EXPENSES.

A Recapitulation of Expenditures for 1889.

The JOURNAL excerpts from the State Controller's report for 1889 the following recapitulation of State expenditures for last year, and which taxpayers are admonished to read, so that if there are any leaks they may be discovered and corrected:

Office of Governor	\$7,000 00
Office of Lieutenant Governor	2,572 50
Office of Secretary of State	5,100 00
Office of State Controller	5,086 15
Office of State Treasurer	5,000 00
Office of Attorney General	3,100 00
Office of Surveyor General and Land Register	11,021 97
Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Curator, etc.	3,112 50
Judicial Department	21,208 00
Expense of Fish Commissioner.	1,310 02
Payment of rewards offered by the Governor	450 00
Support of State Prison, including salaries of Warden and Deputy Warden	37,017 05
Manufacture of boots and shoes at Prison	9,336 27
Support of State indigent insane	40,711 19
Support of deaf, dumb and blind	423 70
Support of Orphan's Home	11,462 55
State printing, Office advertising and jobbing	13,198 77
Printing legislative bills	9 08
Stationery, fuel and lights for Capitol building	1,518 08
Current expenses	2,394 51
Care of Capitol grounds and water works	1,895 20
Pay of porters and watchmen at Capitol building	3,030 00
Furniture and repairs for Capitol building	953 63
Purchase of water supply for Capitol grounds and Orphans' Home	1,321 91
Salary of Director of Weather Service	600 00
Purchase of instruments and contingent expenses of Weather Service Stations	680 67
Salary of Clerk of State Library	200 00
Fence for grounds, new engine and a new material for State Printing Office	3,417 35
Special election expenses	14,160 66
Electric lights for State Prison grounds	738 00
Aid to District Agricultural Associations	2,702 00
State University maintenance and improvement of	21,840 22
Aid to Nevada State Agricultural Society	14,944 00
Transportation of troops, etc.	743 25
Catalogue of State Library	750 00
Care and mounting of astronomical instruments	500 00
Aid to Agricultural District No. 1	2,500 00
Electric lights for Capitol grounds	340 50
Storage of water	571 50
Redeeming drummers' licenses	5,689 11
Sinking of artesian wells	130 00
Reliefs, claims and rewards	3,053 00
Deficiencies 1887-88	19,314 38
Legislature fourteenth session	51,674 15
State Library, purchase of books, freight, etc.	1,286 84
Withdrawal of special deposits	2,103 24
District Judges	24,155 10
Support of schools	56,842 68
Purchase of Nevada bonds	76,000 00
Redemption of Nevada bonds	28,000 00
Interest on Nevada bonds	23,833 33
Total disbursements	\$546,128 98

Total disbursements . . . \$546,128 98

CHARACTER OF DISBURSEMENTS.

From funds applicable for general purposes	\$297,022 78
From State School Funds	75,248 55
From State University Funds	21,869 22
From Dist. Judges' Salary Fund	24,155 10
Disbursements from State Treasury	\$418,295 65
From fund to fund for purchase of Nevada bonds	76,000 00
From fund to fund for redemption of State bonds	28,000 00
From fund to fund for interest on State bonds	23,833 33
Total	\$546,128 98

STARS OF THE DRAMA AND OPERA

Nativity and Ages of the Most Noted of the Present Day.

Following are the nativity and ages of some of the most noted actresses, actors and singers of the present day: Mary Anderson, Sacramento, Cal., 31; Emma Abbott, Peoria, Ill., 39; Lawrence Barrett, Patterson, N. J., 52; Edwin Booth, Belair, Md., 57; Dion Boucicault, Dublin, Ireland, 68; Mrs. Canfrau, Philadelphia, 63; Kate Claxton, New York city, 42; Rosa Coghlan, England, 37; Lottie, New York city, 43; Fanny Davenport, London, England, 40; W. J. Florence, Albany, N. Y., 53; Rose Eyring, Philadelphia, 53; Etelka Gerster, Germany, 33; Edward Harrigan, New York city, 45; Henry Irving, England, 52; Janaschek, Prague, Austria, 60; Joseph Jefferson, Philadelphia, 61; Lillie Langtry, Jersey, England, 40; Louis James, Troy, N. Y., 51; Robert Mantel, Scotland, 36; Helen Modjeska, Poland, 40; Clara Morris, Cleveland, O., 44; Christine Neilson, Sweden, 47; Adeline Patti, Madrid, Spain, 47; Carlotta Patti, France, 50; Charles Pope, Germany, 52; Accadele Ristori, Italy, 69; Lillian Russell, Pennsylvania, 30; Tommaso Salvini, Italy, 60; W. J. Scanlan, Massachusetts, 34; Ellen Terry, Coventry, England, 42; Frederick Warde, England, 39; Mrs. D. B. Bowers, Connecticut, 60.

STATE AFFAIRS.

The Account of Each County With the State for 1889.

Controller Hallock's 1889 report shows the net amounts of cash paid into the State Treasury to be as follows, Washoe heading the list, with Elko second

Churchill	\$4,426 14
Douglas	6,671 65
Elko	40,878 61
Esmeralda	11,989 01
Eureka	21,538 84
Humboldt	29,900 60
Lander	14,915 22
Lincoln	3,734 22
Lyon	11,674 11
Nye	5,498 06
Ormsby	16,918 56
Storey	24,684 13
Washoe	43,783 29
White Pine	5,904 69
Total	\$242,492 90

COMMISSIONERS.

The Bills Allowed at the Last Meeting.

The following claims against the county were allowed at the last meeting of the Board:

H. H. Hogan, Co. physician	\$ 100 00
M. Nathan, supplies	108 00
M. Nathan, supplies	1 00
E. Robbins, watching treasury	52 00
T. K. Hymers, hauling	19 00
H. D. Wright, supplies	10 00
Reno Water Co., water	5 00
W. O. H. Martin, supplies	25 45
Folsom & Wells, supplies	23 49
Wm. Merrill, Commissioner	50 00
John Hymers, road work	30 00
W. H. Joy, hospital	251 25
T. K. Hymers, Commissioner	50 00
W. P. McLaughlin, Com.	50 00
W. L. Coffin, supplies	4 50
D. Allen, District Attorney	125 00
W. T. Craig, supplies	15 00
Coffin & Larcombe, supplies	1 50
Abraham Bros., supplies	41 25
W. H. Young, Justice fees	98 45
County Treas., Judge's salary	1,713 75
County Treas., disbursements	1,560 00
Louis Dean, road work	150 00
O. O. Powning, printing	39 50
S. W. Upson, Constable fees	121 80
J. W. McKenney, ditch gates	9 70
County Treas., disbursements	1,440 00
Berry & Novotich, supplies	5 00
Geo. Gatto, printing	48 25
W. P. McLaughlin, disbursements	10 50
T. J. Hodgkinson, supplies	1 25
S. J. Julien, Clerk's office	150 00
S. J. Hodgkinson, supplies	2 25
C. J. Brooks, supplies	1 20
W. Sanders, undertaking	70 00
C. A. Thurston, supplies	6 10
Geo. H. Douglas, labor on road	29 00
G. H. Thomas, ex. income	3 00
Co. Treasurer, disbursements	10 00
D. B. Boyd, Treasurer	50 00
J. A. Pothoff, hauling	2 50
Folsom & Wells, supplies	1 50
H. H. Wallace, road work	2 00
H. E. Pavola, supplies	9 00
J. E. Williams, Recorder	188 00
C. E. Stockard, Assessor	150 00
Co. Treas., disbursements	7 50
L. J. Ellis, Sheriff	343 70
H. Beaglehole, hauling	2 00
Reno Gas Co., gas	6 80
E. C. Sessions, supplies	3 00
Folsom & Wells, supplies	1 25
Thos. Barnett, supplies	2 00
Mr. Thompson, shoveling snow	10 00
Riverside Hotel, feeding pris.	204 05
G. B. Morelli, disb., etc.	18 50
Coffin & Larcombe, supplies	10 00
J. E. Lenderman, hauling	1 00
John Sunderland, supplies	3 00
P. N. Norton, hauling	1 00
J. F. Atkes, supplies	35 50
W. O. H. Martin, supplies	12 00
H. J. Hayes, supplies	13 34
Nevada Cash Store, supplies	2 00
E. C. Northrop, supplies	15 50
E. C. Landebetter, supplies	4 00
W. J. Luke, supplies	20 00
Smith & Marker, supplies	20 00

Reno Fire Department, disb'is . . . 170 40

John Douglas et al., road work . . . 120 00

O. Loukey, supplies . . . 20 00

Mrs. Fairchild, library rent . . . 25 00

John Douglas, Chief of Police . . . 65 00

Reno Electric Light Co., lights . . . 11 25

J. M. Cunningham, labor . . . 18 00

D. Dickey, watching . . . 4 00

R. Nash, watching . . . 18 00

Reno Water Co., water . . . 100 00

S. W. Upson, Constable . . . 14 00

F. G. Newlands, pound rent . . . 4 50

W. H. Young, Justice fees . . . 15 30

Joseph Grismer and Phoebe Davies.

"The Tigress," the latest success of two continents, will be presented at the Opera House this evening by the Grismer-Davies company, of which the Denver News says:

"The Tigress," a dramatization of Ramon Morris' novel "Crucify Her," was produced last evening by the Grismer-Davies company before a large audience and made a very favorable impression. The play opens at Monte Carlo, where Sara, a pretty flower-girl, is trapped into a mock marriage by a young rascal. He soon tires of his victim, and having lost his money at the gambling tables, and been rejected by a handsome adventuress, with whom he had become infatuated, commits suicide. Five years after this event, the "bonquetiere," now become Angela Romano, a governess in a nobleman's family, is brought in contact with Stella Barotti, the aforesaid adventuress, and a so-called brother, Count Barotti, who is a sharper passing himself off as her brother, and who uses her as a stool-pigeon to decoy his victims. Both women fall in love with Count Barotti, the nobleman at whose chateau they meet, and the rest of the play is made up of the struggle between these two women for supremacy. Phoebe Davies, as Angela, played with even more than her usual intensity and power, and the strong scenes between her and Isabelle Archer, the "Tigress," were the leading features of the performance. Mr. Grismer has a good part in Count Barotti, and sustained the Italian dialect admirably throughout.

One is reminded of "As In a Looking Glass," though in many respects "The Tigress" is a stronger play. Mr. Grismer may congratulate himself on having acquired an excellent companion play to "The Burglar."

Reserved seats on sale at Nasby's Bazaar.

Out in White Pine.

A White Pine friend writes the JOURNAL that the loss in cattle and sheep in that section will be at least 30 per cent. The same writer predicts, however, on the other hand, that White Pine will enjoy a genuine mining boom in the Spring. The developments in the Joanna mine and the Robinson Canyon River Co.'s ground are bound to create an excitement, and besides these there are other mines that show free gold in quantities to pay handsomely.

The Times-Review of January 31st says:

The Times-Review received last night the Lyon County Times of the 18th and the Winnemucca Silver State of the 22d instant, which constituted the entire volume of its western exchanges. It is evident that there is gross negligence in the postal service somewhere on the line of the railroad which needs looking after. Half of the trains which come through from Reno bring no Western Nevada papers—at least they do not reach Tuscarora. We are satisfied that the fault is not at the Elko office but that it rests with the officers on the trains.

Not as Bad as Reported.

The Central Nevada contradicts the report that George Watt had lost 4,000 sheep in one night and that his losses up to a week ago was about 7,000. Mr. Watt did lose a few hundred sheep, and that loss was caused by driving them too fast.

THE LATE STORM.

The Actual Facts as Given By Prof. Devel, of the University.

EXPERIMENT STATION, RENO, NEV., February 4, 1890.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Permit me to answer through the columns of your paper the numerous inquiries as to the amount of snowfall during the last month, or so, by submitting a detailed statement of the daily snowfall and precipitation in melted snow or rain, from December 21, 1889, to January 25, 1890, inclusive, given in inches and decimal parts of an inch. It is as follows:

Date	Snow in inches.	Melted S. and E. inches.
December 21	2.50	.18
December 22	.80	.33
December 23	6.00	.35
December 24	9.00	.08
December 25	3.00	T
December 26	T	T
December 27	XX	T
December 28	XX	T
December 29	.50	T
December 30	.50	T
December 31	.50	T
January 1	T	XX
January 2	6.50	.70
January 3	2.50	.70
January 4	.50	T
January 5	1.50	.07
January 6	T	T
January 7	T	T
January 8	T	T
January 9	T	T
January 10	T	T
January 11	T	T
January 12	T	T
January 13	2.00	.30
January 14	T	T
January 15	T	T
January 16	4.50	.50
January 17	14.50	1.83
January 18	8.00	1.22
January 19	T	XX
January 20	.50	.06
January 21	.50	.04
January 22	.50	.04
January 23	.50	.04
January 24	.50	.04
January 25	13.25	1.70
Total	75.05	7.65

T indicates a "trace." XX indicates an inappreciable amount, or less than a "trace."

This shows a snowfall of a little over six and a third feet at this locality. On the 23d, 24th and 25th of December the rain gauge failed to hold all the snow and the measurement here given, although the actual amount caught, does not give the full amount of precipitation. By estimates from careful measurements the amount for these three days should be increased by 1.5 inches, and the total precipitation thus augmented would be 9.15 inches.

W. S. DEVEL.

STOCK AND WEATHER ITEMS.

Deep Snow at McDermitt—Stock Dying by the Hundreds in Ruby Valley.

A correspondent of the Silver State, writing from Fort McDermitt under date of January 28th, says the snow still remains and averages about two feet deep. Cattle from the range gather about houses where they lie down and die. Sheep are also perishing as the snow is too deep for them to get around. The Prutes complain of losing their ponies by starvation and curse the big soldier man for having burnt the grass.

The Elko Independent, of last Thursday says: "William Snow arrived yesterday from Ruby valley, having made most of the trip on snowshoes. He gives a gloomy account of the great depth of snow and scarcity of feed. Horses and cattle are dying by hundreds, and there seems no probability of saving any except what few can be fed. It is a deplorable state of affairs for which there seems to be no remedy, and we heartily sympathize with those who are sustaining such heavy losses."

OCEANS OF WATER.

A Chinook Dissipates the Snow.

The Silver State, of Monday, has this:

The wind, which last Friday blew mildly from the southwest scarcely making any impression upon the snow, attained almost the velocity of a gale Saturday afternoon and played havoc with the snow banks. The chinook honeycombed the drifts, rapidly converting the snow into water. Streams rolled along the streets and in an hour every depression was a pond. On the southern slopes of the mountain ridges, where the wind and sun combined their powers against the snow, dark streaks soon became apparent, and mother earth for the first time in 1890 partly bared her bosom in this part of Nevada. Yesterday the thaw continued and nearly all of the snow disappeared, and strange as it may appear, no one seemed to regret it. The ground was not frozen to any considerable depth when the heavy mantle of snow fell upon it, and much of the water from the melting snow was absorbed by it wetting it deeper than at any previous time for at least four years. So far the volume of water in the Humboldt has not materially increased, but with the number of rivulets which empty into it, it will soon swell, especially if the thaw extends east into Elko county.

